Genealogy of the Hause and Hawes Descendents

According to the legal records of both Germany and England, and to records copied in the Bible of Joseph Hause of Ovid, New York, the first John Hause was born in Germany in 1690 and when an infant, on account of religious persecutions, he was transported by his cousin, Queen MaryII, of Great Britain, House of Stuart, daughter of James II and Anne Hyde, born 1662, married William Prince of Orange at the age of 17, reigning 15 years, and died in 1694 of small pox, leaving no children. A kind, meek and noble Queen. John Hause lived in New York until his marriage in 1715 to Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would make his deto Sarah Allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would be sarah allen, a woman of fine English blood, which would be sarah allen blood bloo children: Simon, John, William, Catharine, Johanna, and Sally. Simon Hause was born in Haverstraw, N.Y. in 1717 and served as volunteer in the American army during the Revolutionary War until the battle of White Plains in which he and his brother John, standing side by side, were shot by the enemy. They received a soldier's burial, the place is unknown. Catharine was born at Haverstraw, N.Y. in 1723, married Andrew Secor in 1744 and removed to Albany, N.Y. Johanna was born in 1725 and died on the Island of Jamica in 1755. Sally was born in 1728 and was married to Amos Conklin; Their children were Johanna, John, Hannah and Sally. Johanna Conklin was born 1747, married Joseph Butler in 1768 and died without issue. William Hause, from whom all the descendents that lived or are living in New York came, was born in Haverstraw, N.Y. in 1730, and was married in 1751 ton Martha Wood, a woman of full English blood, thus making his descendents 1/4 German and 3/4 English blood. Their children were John, Jonathan, Sarah, Johanna, Simon, William, Allen, Jonas, Joseph, Mathew, Mary Samuel, Hannah and Morris. John Hause married Esther Ketchum; their children were Delebar, Charles, Electra, Augustus, Belinda John, Alanson, Fannie, Louisa, and Catharine. Jonathan died on the Island of Jamica while visiting his aunt Johanna. Sarah married Samuel Johnson and had 6 children, second marriage to William Harris and 3 children, third marriage to Matthias Demond. Johanna died in infancy, Simon married Zilpha Decker and had 6 children. Allen died in infancy, Jonas Hawes married Rebecca Demond; their children were Matthias, John, Plebe, Aaron, Joshua, Gertrude, Edward, Mahlon and Delebar. Joseph Hause married Eunice Rodgers and had 14 children: Herman, Alvin, Charles, Hannah, Lewis, Betsey, Joseph, Henry, Maria, Mary Jane, William, John, Angeline and Caroline. Matthew married Johanna Wood and had 6 children, second marriage to Maria Miles and had 4 children. Smauel married Catharine Howard and had 11 children. Mary married Daniel Burr and had 9 children, Hannah married Lemuel Nolen and had 4 children. John Hause who was killed at White Plains had 2 children-John and Polly; John died in New York. Polly married Benjamin Butler and removed to New York where she died and left 6 children.

The difference in the spelling of the name was due to either to the different opinions of the brothers as to its origin, or a difference in the customary way of pronouncing it, some holding to the German Hause

and others to the English Hawes.

Mary II 1662- 1694

Was the eldest daughter of James II and Anne Hyde, daughter of the Earl of Clarendon. When she was fifteen years old she married her cousin William, Prince of Orange, the president of the Dutch Republic. James II tried to bring England back into the Roman Catholic Church. This attempt brought about the Glorious Revloution in 1688, in which he lost his crown.

The Protestant lords of England then offered the crown to William of Orange and his wife. William accepted, and in 1689 he and Mary were crowned king and queen of England. Their reign was known as that of Wm. and Mary. It was understood that the administration of affairs would be only the king's business. But Mary showed herself capable of acting with courage and good judgment on occasions when William was away from England. Five years after she became queen she died of smallpox.

William III 1650- 1702

Known as William of Orange, was King of England, Scotland and Ireland. He was born in the Hague, the son of the Prince of Orange. William's mother was Mary, the daughter of Charles I of England. The young man

gained fame early by his opposition to Louis XIV of France.

In 1672, when Louis invaded Holland, the Dutch chose William to be their ruler. Time and again William was defeated, but he always managed to keep the French from advancing. Once he was forced to open the dikes. The French were stopped for awhile, and William had time to build up an alliance against them. In 1677 he married Mary, daughter of James, Duke of York, later James II of England. William hoped to gain the support of England and become friendly with the parties who were apposed to Roman. England and became friendly with the parties who were opposed to Roman Catholic King James. The king's only son became a Catholic, and the Protestants of England looked with favor on William and his wife Mary. Both were related to English kings, and both were Protestants. The leaders of both politiacl parties invited William and Mary to become joint rulers of England.

In 1688 William landed in England with an army of 14,000 men. Not a drop of blood was shed in the "Glorious Revolution" that followed. James escaped to France, and two years later led a French army to Ireland. Here William defeated James and his Irish allies in the Battle of Boyne. The Protestants of Ulster supported William, and to this day they are

still called Orangemen.

William was one of the ablest of English kings, but was not very popular. The people never understood the English political system. Wm. allowed Parliament to limit his power in order to gain their support in

his fight against the French king.

William proved to be both a good soldier and a clever diplomat in his struggle against Louis XIV. In 1692 his admirals destroyed the French sea power and his generals were successful on land. In 1701 he formed an alliance with nearly all Europe against Louis, but did not live to fight in the war which followed.

James II 1633-1701

Was the younger son of Charles I and Henrietta Maria of France. He became king in 1685 after the death of his brother, Charles II. He tried immediately to carry out two of his main desires-to rule independently of Parliament, and to restore the Roman Catholic religion in England. His efforts aroused great opposition. James put down the rebellion led by the Duke of Monmouth. But James's continued attempts to restore Catholicism aroused the anger of the entire nation. The "Glorious Revolution" of 1688 forced James to give up the throne, and he fled the country. William of Orange and his wife, Mary, a daughter of James II, were proclaimed joint rulers. James was cordially welcomed by King Louis XIV of France who furnished him with troops, and in 1689 James tried to win back his throne by invading Ireland. He was thoroughly defeated at the Battle of Boyne, and spent the rest of his life in retirement in France.

Joseph Hause of Tyrone, New York Married Eunice Rodgers

Children:

Herman C. Hause Hannah Hause Dr. Lewis Hawes Joseph Hause Maria B. Hause William Hause Angeline Hause Alvin Hause Charles W. Hause Betsey Hause Henry A. Hause Mary Jane Hause John Hause Caroline Hause

Grandchildren:

Clarissa Hause-Genoa, Michigan
Hannah J. Hause-Genoa, Michigan
Caroline Hause-Newton, Mass.
Joseph Hause-Watertown, Mass.
Lyman Hause-Deceased
Lodowic Hause-Mendota, Minnesota
Elizabeth S. Hause-Pontiac, Illinois
Ella E. Hawes-Whitewater, Wisconsin
Charles Hause-Mendota, Minnesota
Cecil S. Hawes-Belvidere, Illinois
Harry L. Hawes-Belvidere, Illinois
Alfred B. Hause-Ovid, New York
Thomas Hause-Interlaken, Mew York
William Hause-Ovid, New York
Henry Hause-Watkins, New York

Great Grandchildren:

Ann Maria Hause-Mendota, Minn,
Ethel Olive Hause-Mendota, Minn.
Alice Hause-Mendota, Minn.
Charles Jr.-Mendota, Minn
Elizabeth Hause-Mendota, Minn.
Charlotte Hause-Mendota, Minn.
Charlotte Hause-Mendota, Minn.
Lillian Hause-Mendota, Minn.
Lodowic Jr.-Mendota, Minn.
Henry C. Hawes-Belvidere, Illinois
Mildred K. Hawes-Belvidere, Ill.
Cecil S. Hawes-Belvidere, Ill.
Marion E. Hawes-Belvidere, Ill.
Nancy Ellen Hawes-Belvidere, Ill.
Frank Edwin Hause-Interlaken, New York
Richard Hause-Ovid, New York

Jonas Hawes of Hector, New York Married Rebecca Demond

Children:

Dr. Matthias Hawes Phoebe Hawes Joshua Hawes Edward Hawes Delebar Hawes

Dr. John Hawes Aaron Hawes Gertrude Hawes Mahlon Hawes

GORDON H. BENNETT, JR

Grandchildren:

(Died at 98) 1939 (Father of Carrie May) Dr. James Hawes-Washington, D.C. Belle M. Hawes-Valois, New York Sister (Died at 92) along 1932 Cornelia E. Hawes-Auburn, New York Mary Lovina Hawes-Troy, Wisconsin Kate H. Hawes-Troy, Wisconsin John M. Hawes-Delevan, Wisconsin William Penn Hawes-Hector, New York Parker Halsey Hawes-Watkins, New York Nelle Clare Hawes-Correctionville, Indiana Loretta D. Hawes-Fort Collins, Colorado Louis Edward Hawes-Bisbee, Arizona Dr. John W. Hawes-Russell, Kansas Dr. Fred S. Hawes-Russell, Kansas Anna M. Hawes-Hector, New York Glenn D. Hawes-Hector, New York L. Best Hawes-Deceased

Great Grandchildren:

Carrie May Hawes Bennett-Penn Yan, New York 34 DitD in 1958 (Grand mother of Laura Maud Hawes- Delevan, Wisconsin Harold Lee Hawes-Hector, New York Edna E. Hawes-Watkins, New York Chester A. Hawes-Watkins, New York Marquerite L. Hawes-Watkins, New York John Kipp Hawes-Windber, Pa. Elmer Swick Hawes-Hector, New York

> Signed by Alfred B. Hause Genealogist/Statistican of Descendents July 1, 1904

heat great grand children

for 21 of 1894 Many Helene Bennett Hout Tallott Dec 16th 1904 godon Hawes Bennett great great grand children Christine Mastry Bennett Cook Nusbaum may 10th 1938 aug-31-1942 Cynthia Shorood Bennett Wagner Leb 245-1946 godon Hawes Bennett &2. great great great great greand children

Christine Clare Bennett gordon Hawes Bennett III The property of the property o

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